

viability or to recover research and development costs, where the procuring entity applies this Law to procurement concerned with national security and determines that the selected method is the most appropriate methods of procurement; or

- (c) where the Open Competitive Bidding have been utilized but were not successful or the tenders were rejected by the procuring entity under an open competitive bid procedure and the procuring entity considers that engaging a new tendering proceeding will not result in a procurement contract.

(2) Not later than six (6) months after the coming into force of this Law, the Bureau shall issue regulations for the procedure for two stage tendering.

50.(1) Subject to the approval by the Bureau, a procuring entity may for reasons of economy, efficiency, special skills, experience and proven track record of a contractor or service provider over period of time engage in procurement by means of restricted tendering if:

Restricted tendering

- (a) the goods, works or services are available only from a limited number of suppliers or contractors; or
- (b) the time and cost required to examine and evaluate a large number of tenders is disproportionate to the value of the goods, works or services to procure; or